

State of California

State and Consumer Services Agency

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Board Member Administrative Procedure Manual



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Board Member Administrative Procedure Manual

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Chapter 1. Introduction

Overview The Medical Board of California (MBC) was created by the California Legislature in 1876. Today the MBC is one of the boards, bureaus, commissions, and committees within the Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA), part of the State and Consumer Services Agency under the aegis of the Governor. The Department is responsible for consumer protection and representation through the regulation of certain licensed professions and the provision of consumer services. While the DCA provides oversight in various areas including, but not limited to, budget change proposals, regulations, and contracts, and also provides support services, MBC has policy autonomy and sets its own policies procedures, and initiates its own regulations. (See Business and Professions Code sections 108, 109(a), and 2018.)

The MBC is presently comprised of 15 Members. By law, seven are public Members, and eight are physicians. The Senate Rules Committee and the Speaker of the Assembly each appoint one public member. Board Members may serve two full four-year terms. Board Members fill non-salaried positions, and are paid \$100 per day for each meeting day and are reimbursed travel expenses.

This procedure manual is provided to Board Members as a ready reference of important laws, regulations, and Board policies, to guide the actions of Board Members and ensure Board effectiveness and efficiency.

Due notice of each meeting and the time and place thereof shall be given each member in the manner provided by law.

Definitions	B&P	Business and Professions Code
	SAM	State Administrative Manual
	President	Where the term "President" is used in this manual, it includes "his or her designee"

**General Rules
of Conduct**

Board Members shall not speak to interested parties (such as vendors, lobbyists, legislators, or other governmental entities) on behalf of the Board or act for the Board without proper authorization.

Board Members shall maintain the confidentiality of confidential documents and information.

Board Members shall commit time, actively participate in Board activities, and prepare for Board meetings, which includes reading Board packets and all required legal documents.

Board Members shall respect and recognize the equal role and responsibilities of all Board Members, whether public or licensee.

Board Members shall act fairly and in a nonpartisan, impartial, and unbiased manner.

Board Members shall treat all applicants and licensees in a fair and impartial manner.

Board Members' actions shall uphold the Board's primary mission – protection of the public.

Board Members shall not use their positions on the Board for political, personal, familial, or financial gain.

Chapter 2. Board Meeting Procedures

Frequency of Meetings

(B&P Code sections 2013, 2014)

The Board shall meet at least once each calendar quarter in various parts of the state for the purpose of transacting such business as may properly come before it.

Special meetings of the Board may be held at such times as the Board deems necessary.

Four Members of a panel of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the panel.

Eight Members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any Board meeting.

Due notice of each meeting and the time and place thereof shall be given each member in the manner provided by the law.

Board Member Attendance at Board Meetings

(B&P Code sections 106, 2011)

Board Members shall attend each meeting of the Board. If a member is unable to attend, he or she must contact the Board President and ask to be excused from the meeting for a specific reason. The Governor has the power to remove from office any member appointed by him for continued neglect of duties, which may include unexcused absences from meetings.

Board Members shall attend the entire meeting and allow sufficient time to conduct all Board business at each meeting.

Public Attendance at Board Meetings

(Government Code section 11120 et. seq.)

Meetings are subject to all provisions of the Bagley-Keene Open Meetings Act. This act governs meetings of state regulatory boards and meetings of committees of those boards where the committee consists of more than two Members. It specifies meeting notice and agenda requirements and prohibits discussing or taking action on matters not included on the agenda.

If the agenda contains matters which are appropriate for closed session, the agenda must cite the particular statutory section and subdivision authorizing the closed session.

Quorum

(B&P Code section 2013)

Eight of the Members of the Board constitute a quorum of the Board for the transaction of business. The concurrence of a majority of those Members of the Board present and voting at a duly noticed meeting at which a quorum is present shall be necessary to constitute an act or decision of the Board.

Agenda Items*(Board Policy)*

Any Board Member may submit items for a meeting agenda to the Executive Director not fewer than 30 days prior to the meeting with the approval of the Board President or Chair of the Committee.

Notice of Meetings*(Government Code section 11120 et seq.)*

In accordance with the Open Meetings Act, meeting notices (including agendas for Board, Committee, or Panel meetings) shall be sent to persons on the Board's mailing list at least 10 calendar days in advance. The notice shall include the name, work address, and work telephone number of a staff person who can provide further information prior to the meeting.

Notice of Meetings to be Posted on the Internet*(Government Code section 11125 et seq.)*

Notice shall be given and also made available on the Internet at least 10 days in advance of the meeting and shall include the name, address, and telephone number of any person who can provide further information prior to the meeting, but need not include a list of witnesses expected to appear at the meeting. The written notice shall additionally include the address of the Internet site where notices required by this article are made available.

Record of Meetings*(B&P Code section 2017)*

The Board and each Committee or Panel shall keep an official record of all their proceedings. The minutes are a summary, not a transcript, of each Board or Committee meeting. They shall be prepared by staff and submitted to Members for review before the next meeting. Minutes shall be approved at the next scheduled meeting of the Board, Committee, or Panel. When approved, the minutes shall serve as the official record of the meeting.

Tape Recording*(Board Policy)*

The meeting may be tape-recorded if determined necessary for staff purposes. Tape recordings will be disposed of upon approval of the minutes in accordance with record retention schedules.

Meeting Rules*(Board Policy)*

The Board will use Robert's Rules of Order, to the extent that it does not conflict with state law (e.g. Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act), as a guide when conducting its meetings.

Public Comment*(Board Policy)*

Due to the need for the Board to maintain fairness and neutrality when performing their adjudicative function, the Board shall not receive any substantive information from a member of the public regarding any matter that is currently under or subject to investigation or involves a pending criminal or administrative action.

1. If, during a Board meeting, a person attempts to provide the Board with substantive information regarding matters that are currently under or subject to investigation or involve a pending administrative or criminal action, the person shall be advised that the Board cannot properly consider or hear such substantive information, and the person shall be instructed to refrain from making such comments.
2. If, during a Board meeting, a person wishes to address the Board concerning alleged errors of procedure or protocol or staff misconduct, involving matters that are currently under or subject to investigation or involve a pending administrative or criminal action, the Board will address the matter as follows:
 - a. Where the allegation involves errors of procedure or protocol, the Board may designate either its Executive Director or a Board employee to review whether the proper procedure or protocol was followed and to report back to the Board.
 - b. Where the allegation involves significant staff misconduct, the Board may designate one of its Members to review the allegation and to report back to the Board.
3. The Board may deny a person the right to address the Board and have the person removed if such person becomes disruptive at the Board meeting.
4. Persons wishing to address the Board or a Committee of the Board shall complete a speaker request slip. At the discretion of the Board President or Chair of the Committee, speakers may be limited in the amount of time to present to give adequate time to everyone who wants to speak. In the event the number of people wishing to address the Board exceeds the allotted time, the Board President or Chair of the Committee may limit each speaker to a statement of his/her name, organization, and whether they support or do not support the proposed action

(Government Code section 11120 et seq.)

Chapter 3. Travel & Salary Policies & Procedures

Travel Approval

(DCA Memorandum 96-01)

The Board President's approval is required for all Board Members for travel, except for travel to regularly scheduled Board and Committee meetings to which the Board Member is assigned.

Travel Arrangements

(Board Policy)

Board Members should make their own travel arrangements through Giselle's Travel but are encouraged to coordinate with the Executive Director's Executive Assistant on lodging accommodations.

Out-of-State Travel

(SAM section 700 et seq.)

For out-of-state travel, Board Members will be reimbursed for actual lodging expenses, supported by vouchers, and will be reimbursed for meal and supplemental expenses. Out-of-state travel for all persons representing the State of California is controlled by and must be approved by the Governor's Office.

Travel Claims

(SAM section 700 et seq. and DCA Memorandum 96-01)

Rules governing reimbursement of travel expenses for Board Members are the same as for management-level state staff. All expenses shall be claimed on the appropriate travel expense claim forms. The Executive Director's Executive Assistant maintains these forms and completes them as needed. Board Members should submit their travel expense forms immediately after returning from a trip and no later than two weeks following the trip.

For the expenses to be reimbursed, Board Members shall follow the procedures contained in DCA Departmental Memoranda, which are periodically disseminated by the Executive Director and are provided to Board Members.

Salary Per Diem

(B&P Code section 103)

Compensation in the form of salary per diem and reimbursement of travel and other related expenses for Board Members is regulated by B&P Code Section 103.

In relevant part, this section provides for the payment of salary per diem for Board Members "for each day actually spent in the discharge of official duties," and provides that the Board Member "shall be reimbursed for traveling and other expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of official duties."

Accordingly, the following general guidelines shall be adhered to in the payment of salary per diem or reimbursement for travel:

1. No salary per diem or reimbursement for travel-related expenses shall be paid to Board Members, except for attendance at an official Board, Committee, or Panel meeting, unless a substantial official service is performed by the Board Member. Attendance at gatherings, events, hearings, conferences, or meetings other than official Board, Committee, or Panel meetings, in which a substantial official service is performed, shall be approved in advance by the Board President. The Executive Director shall be notified of the event and approval shall be obtained from the Board President prior to Board Member's attendance.
2. The term "day actually spent in the discharge of official duties" shall mean such time as is expended from the commencement of a Board, Committee, or Panel meeting to the conclusion of that meeting. Where it is necessary for a Board Member to leave a meeting early, the Board President shall determine if the member has provided a substantial service during the meeting and, if so, shall authorize payment of salary per diem and reimbursement for travel-related expenses.

For Board-specified work, Board Members will be compensated for actual time spent performing work authorized by the Board President. That work includes, but is not limited to, authorized attendance at other gatherings, events, meetings, hearings, or conferences. It includes preparation time for Board, Committee, or Panel meetings.

Chapter 4. Selection of Officers & Committees

Officers of the Board

(B&P Code Section 2012)

The Board shall select a President, Vice President, and Secretary from its Members.

Election of Officers

(Board Policy)

The Board shall elect the officers at the last meeting of the calendar year. Officers shall serve a term of one year beginning the next calendar year. All officers may be elected on one motion or ballot as a slate of officers unless more than one Board Member is running per office. An officer may be re-elected and serve for more than one term.

Panel Members

(B&P Code section 2008)

A Panel of the Board shall at no time be composed of less than four Members and the number of public Members assigned shall not exceed the number of licensed physician and surgeon Members assigned to the Panel. The Board President shall not be a member of any Panel. The Board usually is comprised of two panels, however, if there is an insufficient number of Members, there may only be one Panel.

Election of Panel Members

(B&P Code section 2008)

Each Panel shall annually, at the first meeting of the calendar year, elect a Chair and a Vice Chair.

Officer Vacancies

(Board Policy)

If an office becomes vacant during the year, an election shall be held at the next meeting. If the office of the President becomes vacant, the Vice President shall assume the office of the President. Elected officers then shall serve the remainder of the term.

Committee Appointments

(Board Policy)

The Board President shall establish Committees, whether standing or special, as he or she deems necessary. The composition of the Committees and the appointment of the Members shall be determined by the Board President in consultation with the Vice President, Secretary, and the Executive Director. Committees may include the appointment of non-Board Members.

Attendance at Committee Meetings

(Government Code section 11120 et seq.)

If a Board Member wishes to attend a meeting of a Committee of which he or she is not a member, that Board Member should notify the Committee chair and staff. Board Members who are not Members of the Committee that is meeting cannot vote during the Committee meeting and may participate only as observers if a majority of the Board is present at a Committee meeting.

Chapter 5. Board Administration & Staff

Board Administration

(DCA Reference Manual)

Board Members should be concerned primarily with formulating decisions on Board policies rather than decisions concerning the means for carrying out a specific course of action. It is inappropriate for Board Members to become involved in the details of program delivery. Strategies for the day-to-day management of programs and staff shall be the responsibility of the Executive Director. Board Members should not interfere with day-to-day operations, which are under the authority of the Executive Director.

Strategic Planning

The Board will conduct periodic strategic planning sessions.

Executive Director Evaluation

(Board Policy)

Board Members shall evaluate the performance of the Executive Director on an annual basis.

Board Staff

(DCA Reference Manual)

Employees of the Board, with the exception of the Executive Director, are civil service employees. Their employment, pay, benefits, discipline, termination, and conditions of employment are governed by a myriad of civil service laws and regulations and often by collective bargaining labor agreements. Because of this complexity, it is most appropriate that the Board delegate all authority and responsibility for management of the civil service staff to the Executive Director. Board Members shall not intervene or become involved in specific day-to-day personnel transactions.

Business Cards

Business cards will be provided to each Board Member with the Board's name, address, telephone and fax number, and Web site address.

Chapter 6. Other Policies & Procedures

Board Member Disciplinary Actions

(Board Policy)

A member may be censured by the Board if, after a hearing before the Board, the Board determines that the member has acted in an inappropriate manner.

The President of the Board shall sit as chair of the hearing unless the censure involves the President's own actions, in which case the Vice President of the Board shall sit as President. In accordance with the Open Meeting Act, the censure hearing shall be conducted in open session.

Removal of Board Members

(B&P Code sections 106 & 2011)

The Governor has the power to remove from office, at any time, any member of any Board appointed by him or her for continued neglect of duties required by law or for incompetence or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.

Resignation of Board Members

(Government Code section 1750)

In the event that it becomes necessary for a Board Member to resign, a letter shall be sent to the appropriate appointing authority (Governor, Senate Rules Committee, or Speaker of the Assembly) with the effective date of the resignation. Written notification is required by state law. A copy of this letter also shall be sent to the director of the Department, the Board President, and the Executive Director.

Conflict of Interest

(Government Code section 87100)

No Board Member may make, participate in making, or in any way attempt to use his or her official position to influence a governmental decision in which he or she knows or has reason to know he or she has a financial interest. Any Board Member who has a financial interest shall disqualify himself or herself from making or attempting to use his or her official position to influence the decision. Any Board Member who feels he or she is entering into a situation where there is a potential for a conflict of interest should immediately consult the Executive Director or the Board's legal counsel.

Board Members should refrain from attempting to influence staff regarding applications for licensure or potential disciplinary matters.

Gifts from Candidates

(Board Policy)

Gifts of any kind to Board Members from candidates for licensure with the Board shall not be permitted.

Request for Records Access

(Board Policy)

No Board Member may access the file of a licensee or candidate without the Executive Director's knowledge and approval of the conditions of access. Records or copies of records shall not be removed from the MBC's office.

Ex Parte Communications

(Government Code section 11430.10 et seq.)

The Government Code contains provisions prohibiting *ex parte* communications. An “*ex parte*” communication is a communication to the decision-maker made by one party to an enforcement action without participation by the other party. While there are specified exceptions to the general prohibition, the key provision is found in subdivision (a) of section 11430.10, which states:

“While the proceeding is pending, there shall be no communication, direct or indirect, regarding any issue in the proceeding to the presiding officer from an employee or representative or if an agency that is a party or from an interested person outside the agency, without notice and an opportunity for all parties to participate in the communication.”

Occasionally, an applicant who is being formally denied licensure, or a licensee against whom a disciplinary action is being taken, will attempt to directly contact Board Members.

If the communication is written, the member should read only enough to determine the nature of the communication. Once he or she realizes it is from a person against whom an action is pending, he or she should reseal the documents and send them to the Executive Director.

If a Board Member receives a telephone call from an applicant or licensee against whom an action is pending, he or she should immediately tell the person they cannot speak to him or her about the matter. If the person insists on discussing the case, he or she should be told that the Board Member will be required to recuse himself or herself from any participation in the matter. Therefore, continued discussion is of no benefit to the applicant or licensee.

If a Board Member believes that he or she has received an unlawful *ex parte* communication, he or she should contact the Board’s assigned attorney or Executive Director.

Board Member Training Requirements

(B&P Code section 453)

Upon initial appointment, Board Members will be given an overview of Board operations, policies, and procedures by Board Executive Staff.

Every newly appointed Board Member shall, within one year of assuming office, complete a training and orientation program offered by the Department of Consumer Affairs. This is in addition to the Board orientation given by Board staff. This is a one-time training requirement.

(Government Code section 11146)

All Board Members are required to file an annual Form 700 statement of economic interest. Members must also complete an orientation course on the relevant ethics statutes and regulations that govern the official conduct of state officials. The Government Code requires completion of this ethics orientation within the first six months of appointment and completion of a refresher every two years thereafter.

(Government Code section 12950.1)

AB 1825 (Chapter 933, Statutes of 2004, Reyes) requires supervisors, including Board Members, to complete two hours of sexual harassment prevention training by January 1, 2006, and every two years thereafter.