

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS

BILL NUMBER: AB 1395 and AB 1396
 AUTHOR: Garcia
 BILL DATE: February 17, 2022, Introduced
 SUBJECT: Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program: Requirements
 SPONSOR: AltaMed Health Corporation; San Benito Health Foundation; Clinicas de Salud del Valle de Salinas; Altura Centers for Health
 POSITION: AB 1395 – Support
 AB 1396 – Support

DESCRIPTION OF CURRENT LEGISLATION

Requires the Medical Board of California (Board) to issue a license to practice medicine to Mexico Pilot Program (MPP) applicants without a social security number (SSN) or individual tax identification number (ITIN), as specified. Requires the Board to extend the expiration date for an MPP licensee, as specified.

This item involves the consideration of the above proposals which have been introduced into two similar bills (AB 1395 and AB 1396). Due to those similarities, these two bills are being discussed as a single agenda item.

At their March meeting, the Board approved a Support position on AB 1395 and Support, if Amended on AB 1396. At their May meeting, the Board approved the AB 1396 language presented in the analysis, which is expected to be included in the Board's sunset bill, SB 815.

AB 1395 has not been amended since the Board adopted a Support position. AB 1396 is not expected to move forward this year and has not been amended since the Board's previous meeting.

BACKGROUND

[Business and Professions Code \(BPC\) section 853](#) authorizes the Board to issue up to 30 licenses to practice medicine to individuals participating in the MPP. Among other requirements, MPP participants must, prior to licensure complete the following:

- Pass a specified certification and interview examination.
- Satisfactorily complete a six-month orientation program on medical protocols and managed care practices in California.
- Satisfactorily complete an adult English-as-a-second-language course.

MPP participants are issued a three-year, non-renewable license to practice medicine in an authorized facility. As required by statute, the Board contracted with the University of

California (UC), Davis to conduct an evaluation of the MPP. The first UC Davis annual [evaluation report](#) was issued in August 2022. The Board's costs related to issuing MPP licenses, taking possible enforcement action against MPP licensees, and contracting with UC Davis are covered by nonprofit philanthropic entities donating to an MPP fund.

[BPC section 30](#) states that a licensing board shall require all applicants to provide either an ITIN or SSN when seeking an application for licensure. So far, 24 MPP licenses have been issued. Five of the remaining six applicants have not yet provided an ITIN or SSN to the Board.

ANALYSIS

There are two proposals presented by AB 1395 and AB 1396. The first would require the Board to issue an MPP license to those who are qualified for this program but may not receive their license due to their inability to obtain an ITIN or SSN. The second would require the Board to extend the three-year expiration date of an MPP license due to various circumstances that prevented the licensee from practicing medicine.

To facilitate the Board's deliberations on these related matters, these two bills are being discussed during the same agenda item.

AB 1395

According to the author's fact sheet on AB 1395:

"The ITIN is issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and currently, there is a three to five-month wait. More importantly, an ITIN is only issued to immigrants who have worked in the United States. The remaining six doctors have met all the criteria to be issued a medical license. Still, they have never worked or resided in the U.S. Unless the doctor has dual citizenship or is a permanent resident alien, these doctors will not have a social security number."

This bill would require the Board to issue an MPP license to an applicant who is otherwise eligible for this license, except that they have been unable to provide the Board an ITIN or SSN, subject to the following conditions:

- The applicant shall immediately seek both an appropriate three-year visa and an SSN from the United States government within 14 days of being issued a license.
- The applicant shall immediately provide to the Board an SSN within 10 days of the federal government issuing their SSN.
- The applicant shall not engage in the practice of medicine until the Board determines that the above two conditions have been met.

After the Board confirms that the above conditions have been met, the Board shall notify the applicant that they may practice medicine pursuant to the MPP.

The sponsors believe this bill is necessary to meet federal requirements so that the MPP applicants can be provided with their MPP license before they obtain an SSN or ITIN. The bill contains an urgency clause which means it would take effect immediately upon signature of the Governor.

AB 1396

AB 1396 includes the same language to require the issuance of an MPP to those without an ITIN or SSN and has additional language to require the Board to extend the expiration date of an MPP license under the following circumstances:

- During the timeframe in which a licensee is unable to treat patients and provide medical services for more than 30 days of work due to an ongoing condition, including, but not limited to, pregnancy, serious illness, credentialing by health plans, or serious injury that renders the licensee incapable of serving patients.
- During the timeframe in which a licensee is unable to work due to a delay in the visa application process beyond the established timeline by the United States Customs and Immigration Services.

To be eligible, the licensee must provide sufficient documentation to the Board demonstrating that they meet one of the above criteria. The language also authorizes the Board to, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, expend MPP funds to address new costs incurred to monitor licensees whose license was extended.

During their May meeting, the Board adopted a Support position on the following language related to MPP license holders, to amend BPC section 853 so that it reads, as follows:

(j) (1) Subject to paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Medical Board of California may extend the three-year nonrenewable license period if, prior to January 30, 2024, the licensee was unable to practice more than 30 consecutive business days under at least one of the following circumstances:

- (A) The pregnancy of the licensee.
- (B) The pregnancy of the married spouse of the licensee.
- (C) The pregnancy of the domestic partner who is in a civil union with the licensee.
- (D) Delay caused by the credentialing process of health plans.
- (E) Delay caused by the visa application and review process by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

(2) For a licensee to be eligible for an extension under this subdivision, both of the following shall be submitted to the Medical Board of California no later than January 30, 2024:

- (A) A declaration signed by the licensee under penalty of perjury and supporting documentation demonstrating that the licensee meets the requirements of this subdivision.

(B) A request for the extension from the chief executive officer of the community health center who employs the licensee.

(3) If the Medical Board of California determines that the requirements of this subdivision have been satisfied for a licensee, it may grant a one-time extension for the timeframe in which the licensee was unable to work.

(4) An extension granted pursuant to this subdivision shall not extend the license period by more than one year or beyond September 30, 2026, and shall be dependent upon the program having sufficient funding appropriated in the annual Budget Act.

FISCAL: Minor and absorbable costs to the MPP fund associated with processing expiration extension requests for MPP licensees.

SUPPORT: Grower-Shipper Association of Central California (for AB 1395).

OPPOSITION: None identified.

ATTACHMENT: [AB 1395, Garcia – Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program: Requirements.](#)
Version: 2/17/23 – Introduced

[AB 1396, Garcia – Licensed Physicians and Dentists from Mexico Pilot Program: Requirements.](#)
Version: 2/17/23 – Introduced